

# **NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY**

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

# **FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES**

### **DEPARTMENT OF MARKETING AND LOGISTICS**

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT		
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BTRM	LEVEL: 6	
COURSE CODE: PTO612S	COURSE NAME: PRACTICAL TRANSPORT OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT	
SESSION: NOVEMBER 2019	PAPER: THEORY	
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100	

FIRST OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER		
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MODERATOR:	Ms. Hilma Nuuyandja	

INSTRUCTIONS		
	1.	Answer ALL the questions.
	2.	Write clearly and neatly.
	3.	Number the answers clearly.
	4.	This question paper consist of Section A and B.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 4 PAGES (Including this front page)

# SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE AND TRUE/ FALSE QUESTIONS Question 1: Multiple Choice

(40 Marks) (2x10 = 20 Marks)

Write the letter next to the correct answer.

- 1.1. Which of the following does not help extend the life of your vehicle tires?
  - a) Regularly checking and adjusting the tire pressure to recommend levels
  - b) Rotating your tires multiple times a year
  - c) Checking the tread on the tires with a "penny test"
  - d) Aligning the wheels once per year
- 1.2. To extend the life of your tires, how often should you rotate them?
  - a) Every 1,000 to 2,000 miles
  - b) Every 5,000 to 8,000 miles
  - c) Every 10,000 to 15,000 miles
  - d) Rotating tires doesn't really extend their life
- 1.3. Which of the following is not a factor influencing your car's maintenance schedule?
  - a) Extreme hot or cold climate conditions
  - b) Mountainous, dusty or deiced roads
  - c) Towing a trailer or other heavy load
  - d) Make and color of the car
- 1.4. Which of the following is not a classification of maintenance?
  - a) Corrective maintenance
  - b) Timely maintenance
  - c) Scheduled maintenance
  - d) Preventive maintenance
- 1.5. The belt of an electric motor is broken, it needs\_\_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Corrective maintenance
  - b) Scheduled maintenance
  - c) Preventive maintenance
  - d) Timely maintenance
- 1.6. With the increase in preventive maintenance cost, breakdown maintenance cost\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Increases
  - b) Decreases
  - c) Remain same
  - d) Any of the above
- 1.7. A systematic approach for maintenance is
  - a) Problem Cause Diagnosis Rectification.
  - b) Problem Diagnosis Cause Rectification.
  - c) Problem Measure Diagnosis Rectification.
  - d) Problem- Diagnosis Measure Rectification.
- 1.8. (Down time in hours ÷ Available hours) =
  - a) Maintenance effectiveness.
  - b) Frequency of breakdown.
  - c) Effectiveness of maintenance planning.
  - d) None of the above.

- 1.9. Total productive maintenance aims at\_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Less idle time
  - b) Increase in productivity
  - c) Zero down time
  - d) None of the above
- 1.10. The factors to consider before buying a truck include\_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Crew/drivers per shift
  - b) Trip distances
  - c) Number of axles
  - d) All of the above

Sub-total: 20 marks

#### Question 2: True/ False

(2x10 = 20 Marks)

State whether the following statements are true or false:

- 2.1. Vehicle operating expenses include fixed costs, variable costs but not overhead costs.
- 2.2. Principle of communication involves participation of employees in the budgeting exercise will motivate them to pursue the objectives.
- 2.3. Vehicle Cash Purchase requires borrowing money from the bank and pay the vehicle cash at the car dealer
- 2.4. One of the advantage of using own capital is management of risks and rewards of ownership is in the hands of the company.
- 2.5. The curtainsider truck is ideal for palletized loads that requires protection from weather.
- 2.6. The purpose of the fleet strategy is to identify the need for the fleet, helps secure a fleet that is fit for purpose and sets out how an organisation intends to manage its fleet in the future.
- 2.7. A well-managed maintenance programme makes a vehicle replacement programme works.
- 2.8. Replacement cycle refer to operating life of a motor car or a freight vehicle with the principle objective of cost maximization.
- 2.9. When a vehicle reaches the end of its originally projected economic life; after a given period or distance covered is called Predetermined Replacement.
- 2.10. The economic service life uses a computer programme to determine the point at which a vehicle need to be replaced.

Sub-total: 20 Marks

#### **SECTION B: STRUCTURED QUESTIONS**

(60 Marks)

#### **QUESTION 3**

3.1. Why should your dealership perform the Preventive Maintenance on your vehicle?

12 Marks

3.2. What does an unscheduled vehicle stop cost you? Why is "Break-Down Maintenance" so problematic?

12 Marks

Sub-total: 24 Marks

## **Question 4**

- 4.1. Name three categories of deliveries and give any three characteristics of each category? 12 Marks
- 4.2. What makes a vehicle replacement programme work?

14 Marks

4.3 Discuss the fixed costs incurred during the daily business operation of a transportation company?

10 Marks

Sub-total: 36 Marks

Total: 100 Marks

#### THE END